STATE OF CALIFORNIA

ECONOMIC AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT (REGULATIONS AND ORDERS)

See SAM Sections 6600 - 6680 for Instructions and Code Citations

STD. 399 (Rev. 2-98)	See SAIN Sections 6000 - 6000 for instructions and	COUP CRAIIONS
DEPARTMENT NAME	CONTACT PERSON	TELEPHONE NUMBER
Air Resources Board (ARB)	Deborah Kerns, Senior Staff Counsel	(916) 327-9115
PESCRIPTIVE TITLE FROM NOTICE REGISTER OR FORM 400 Proposed Amendments to the Antiperspiral (title 17, § 94500 et seq.), Consumer Produ Aerosol Coatings Regulation (title 17, § 945 (title 17, § 94700 et seq.), and Test Method Credit Program (title 17, § 94560 et seq.);	ucts Regulation(title 17, § 94507 et seq.),	NOTICE FILE NUMBER
i i	ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT	
A. ESTIMATED PRIVATE SECTOR COST IMPACTS	(Include calculations and assumptions in the rulemaking re	ocord.)
Check the appropriate box(es) below to indicate with the appropriate box (es) below to indicate with the control of the c	hether this regulation:	
☑a. Impacts businesses and/or employees	e. Imposes reporting re	equirements
b. Impacts small businesses	f. Imposes prescriptive	instead of performance standards
c. Impacts jobs or occupations	☑g. Impacts individuals	
d. Impacts California competitiveness	•	(Explain below. Complete the ment as appropriate.)
h. <i>(cont.)</i>		
(If any box in Items 1 a through g is checked, com	plete this Economic Impact Statement.)	
manufacturers of household care products and a	Describe the types of bus adhesives. Describe the types of bus adhesives. Describe the types of bus adhesives. Describe the types of bus adhesives.	
companies (See Attachment A.2) 3. Enter the number of businesses that will be crea	ted <u>None</u> or eliminated: <u>Few</u>	
	expected to cause a significant change in profitability of	most businesses. However, the proposed
4. Indicate the geographic extent of impacts:	Statewide Local or regional (list areas):	
	or eliminated: <u>Few</u> Describe the osed amendments because the amendments would have no endments may impose some hardship on some marginal bus	
6. Will the regulation affect the ability of California t	businesses to compete with other states by making it more co	ostly to produce goods or services here?
Yes No If yes,	, explain briefly:	
B. ESTIMATED COSTS (Include calculations and as	ssumptions in the rulemaking record.)	
What are the total statewide dollar costs that but years (See attachment B.1)	sinesses and individuals may incur to comply with this regu	ulation over its lifetime: \$26.5 million over five
a. Initial costs for a small business: \$ 11,500 -	Annual ongoing costs: \$140 - 520 (See att	achment B.1a) Years: 5
b. Initial costs for a typical business: \$35,000 -	198, 000 Annual ongoing costs: \$ 400 - 6,200 (See a	uttachment B.1b) Years: 5
. c. Initial costs for an individual: \$ 0	Annual ongoing costs: \$ 0.12 - 1.59 (see a	attachment B. 1c) Years:5

ECONOMIC AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT cont. (STD. 399, Rev. 2-98)

	a.	Describe other economic co	osts that may occur; None		
2,	lf mu	ultiple industries are impacte	d, enter the share of total costs for ea	ach industry	94% Household Care Industry; 6% Adhesive Industry
3.	cost	s to do programming, recording required to report formul	keeping, reporting, and other paper	work, wheth	business may incur to comply with these requirements. (Include the dollar per or not the paperwork must be submitted.): \$_3,200. Cost incurred due to determine compliance for products selected for testing (see attachment
4.	Will t	his regulation directly impact	housing costs? Yes	✓ No	f yes, enter the annual dollar cost per housing unit: \$ and the
	num	ber of units:	·		
5.	Are t	here comparable Federal reç	gulations? 🗹 Yes 🔲 No I	Explain the	need for State regulation given the existence or absence of Federal
	regu	lations: The federal regulat	ions specify VOC limits for consume	er products	and reactivity limits for aerosol coatings which are less stringent than the
	Calif	fornia limits. The California	regulations are needed to meet the	emissions r	eduction goals of the California State Implementation Plan (SIP) for ozone
	man	dated by the Federal Govern	<u>nment.</u>		
	Ente	er any additional costs to bus	inesses and/or individuals that may b	be due to S	ate-Federal differences: \$ <u>26.5 million</u>
C,	ESTI	MATED BENEFITS (Estima	ation of the dollar value of benefits is	not specific	ally required by rulemaking law, but encouraged.)
١.		*	•		penefit: Staff has estimated equivalent VOC emission reductions of about 4 ne precursors, so reducing emissions will improve air quality.
2.	Are t	he benefits the result of:	specific statutory requirements, o	r 🗌 goals d	eveloped by the agency based on broad statutory authority?
		ain: <u>Health and Safety Co</u> lucts.	de section 41712 requires the A	RB to ach	ieve the maximum feasible reduction in VOC's emitted by consumer
3.	` W h	nat are the total statewide be	nefits from this regulation over its life	time? \$ <u>Ur</u>	quantified.
		ERNATIVES TO THE REGU ally required by rulemaking la		assumption	s in the rulemaking record. Estimation of the dollar value of benefits is not
Α	lternal	tive 2: More stringent or add		c of technol	sidered, explain why not: <u>Alternative 1: No action.</u> ogies to determine when more stringent limits would be commercially and
2.	Sumi	marize the total statewide co	sts and benefits from this regulation	and each a	ternative considered:
		Regulation: Benefit: \$	Unquantifiable, Equivalent VOC	Cost:	\$ <u>26.5 million</u>
	2 V 1 I		emissions reductions of four tons		
;			per day		
		Alternative 1 Benefit: \$	none	Cost:	\$ No direct cost, potential loss of federal highway funding
					because of fallure to meet SIP requirements.
		Alternative 2 Benefit: \$	Unquantifiable, Slightly more emission reduction than the proposal.	Cost:	\$ Significantly more costly than the proposal.

3. Briefly discuss any quantification issues that are relevant to a comparison of estimated costs and benefits for this regulation or alternatives: None.

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4. R	ulemakir	ng law requires	agencies to cor	nsider performance	e standards as an altern	native	ve, if a regulation mandates the use of specific technolo	gies or
								No
Explain: The proposal is comprised of performance standards (VOC and reactivity limits); manufacturers decide how best to comply and formular products that meet the limits.						mulate		
Ρί	oducis ti	nat meet me iii	<u>iits.</u>					
					ns in the rulemaking reco			
Cal/I	EPA boa	ards, offices and	t departments are	subject to the follo	owing additional requirem	nents	ts per Health and Safety Code section 57005.	·
1. Will	the estin	mated costs of	this regulation to	California business	s enterprises exceed \$10	millio	lion? \square Yes $oxdot$ No $oxdot$ (If No, skip the rest of this sect	on)
2. Brie	fly descr	ribe each equal	ly as effective alte	ernative, or combir	nation of alternatives, for v	which	ch a cost-effectiveness analysis was performed:	•
Alte	ernative	1:					` `	
Alte	ernative	2:						
	tne regu gulation			•	e estimated total cost and Cost-effectiveness rai		verall cost-effectiveness ratio:	
1	ernative	_			Cost-effectiveness rai			
	ernative .	,	<u>B</u>		Cost-effectiveness rai			
AII.	emative .		<u>'</u>		Cost-effectiveness fa	uo.		

				FISCA	L IMPACT STAT	ΓEΝ	MENT	
\ FISC	CAL EFF	ECT ON LOCA	L GOVERNMEN	T (Indicate appro	priate boxes 1 through 6 ar and two subsequent F	and a	d attach calculations and assumptions of fiscal impact for all Years)	
							cal Year which are relmbursable by the State pursuant to ne Government Code, Funding for this reimbursement:	
	Occiden	O OI AILIOIC AIII	D Of the Odinomi	a constitution and	Oections 17500 et seq. t	UI UIIE	ie Government Code, Funding for this fellibulsement.	
į	□ a. i	is provided in (I	tem	,Bud ₂	get Act of	_) or (r (Chapter,Statutes of	
	☐ b. v	will be requeste	ed in the		Governor's Budge	et for	or appropriation in Budget Act of	,
				(FISCAL YEAR)				
2,							cal Year which are not reimbursable by the State pursuant	to
	Section	6 of Article XIII	B of the Californi	a Constitution and	Sections 17500 et seq. o	of the	ne Government Code because this regulation:	
:		manlamanta tha	···					
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	□ b in	molements the	court mandate se	t forth by the				
	. II							
		court in the ca	se ot				_vs	
e e	∏ c. in	mplements a m	andate of the peo	inle of this State ex	oressed in their approval	Inf Pi	Proposition Noat the	
1 :		lection;		programs order on	Transport of their approval	. VIII	(DATE)	
					•		·	
	∐d. is	s issued only in	response to a sp	ecific request from	the			
							, which is/are the only local entity(s) affecte	d;
	r							
	☐ e. w	vill be fully finan	ced from the		(FEES, RE	1/C4 1 1-	authorized by S	ection
		· ·		0	f the			Code;

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f. provides for savings to each affected unit of local government which will, at a minimum, offset any additional costs to	each such unit.					
3. Savings of approximately \$annually.						
4. No additional costs or savings because this regulation makes only technical, non-substantive or clarifying changes to curre	ent law and regulations.					
5. No fiscal impact exists because this regulation does not affect any local entity or program.						
6. Other.						
B. FISCAL EFFECT ON STATE GOVERNMENT (Indicate appropriate boxes 1 through 4 and attach calculations and assumption the current year and two subsequent Fiscal Years.)	ns of fiscal impact for					
1. Additional expenditures of approximately \$ in the current State Fiscal Year. It is anticipated that State age	ncies will:					
a. be able to absorb these additional costs within their existing budgets and resources.						
b. request an increase in the currently authorized budget level for thefiscal year.						
2. Savings of approximately \$in the current State Fiscal Year.						
3. No fiscal impact exists because this regulation does not affect any State agency or program.						
4. Other						
C. FISCAL EFFECT ON FEDERAL FUNDING OF STATE PROGRAMS (Indicate appropriate boxes 1 through 4 and attach calc of fiscal impact for the current year and two subsequents)						
1. Additional expenditures of approximately \$in the current State Fiscal Year.						
in the current State Fiscal Year.						
3. No fiscal impact exists because this regulation does not affect any federally funded State agency or program.						
4. Other.						
SIGNATURE						
Exectivities Executive	c Otlicor					
AGENCY SECRETARY 1	effizice					
APPROVAL/CONCURRENCE PROGRAM BUDGET MANAGER	DATE					
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE ²	DAIL					
APPROVAL/CONCURRENCE &						

- 1. The signature attests that the agency has completed the STD. 399 according to the instructions in SAM sections 6600-6680, and understands the impacts of the proposed rulemaking. State boards, offices, or departments not under an Agency Secretary must have the form signed by the highest ranking official in the organization.
- Finance approval and signature is required when SAM sections 6600-6670 require completion of the Fiscal Impact Statement in the STD. 399.
 However, Finance must immediately receive a copy of each STD. 399 submitted to OAL without Finance signature, and Finance may subsequently question the "no fiscal impact" finding of a state agency.

Attachment to Form 399

Consumer Products Regulation

ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT

Section A.2: Affected Businesses

The proposed amendments impact 93 aerosol coating companies and 41 consumer product companies. Of these, 43 of the aerosol coating companies and 22 of the consumer product companies are considered to be small businesses according to Section 11342.610 of the Administrative Procedures Act that defines small businesses as follows: in manufacturing as businesses that are independently owned and operated and have 250 employees or less; in retail trade as businesses with \$2,000,000 in revenue or less; and in wholesale trade as businesses with \$9,500,000 in revenue or less.

Section B. 1: Statewide Costs

The method for calculating total cost is set forth in Chapter VII of the Technical Support Document of the Initial Statement of Reasons. Assuming a five year project horizon there will be a statewide cost of about \$24.5 million to comply with the aerosol coatings reactivity limits, while the cost to comply with the proposed VOC limits for consumer products will be about \$2 million.

Section B. 1.a: Small Business Cost

A typical small business affected by the proposed amendments for aerosol coatings and consumer products has one noncomplying product. Initial costs are the nonrecurring costs which include costs for research and development, equipment hardware, market research and product testing.

For aerosol coatings, the nonrecurring cost is estimated to be the same for the various coating categories. Thus, for a small business with one product that must be reformulated, the cost is about \$16,500. For consumer products, the cost is estimated at \$11,500. (See ISOR Chapter VII)

Annual ongoing costs for a small aerosol coatings business and for a small consumer products business are estimated to be \$520 and \$140, respectively.

Section B. 1.b: Typical Business Cost

The typical aerosol coating products business would incur costs to reformulate 12 noncomplying products. The initial cost for a typical business is estimated to be $$198,000 (12 \times $16,500)$. The annual ongoing cost for a typical business is estimated to be $$6,200 (12 \times $520)$.

The typical consumer products business would incur costs to reformulate three noncomplying products. For consumer products, the initial cost for a typical business is estimated to be $$34,500 ($11,500 \times 3)$. The annual ongoing cost is estimated to be $$420 (3 \times $140)$.

Section B. 1.c: Cost to Consumers

The typical consumer of aerosol coatings purchases less than three units per year. The typical consumer of consumer products that are the subject to this rulemaking purchases less than one unit per year. Consumers of aerosol coatings and consumer products would see an annual increase cost of \$0.15 to \$1.59 and \$0.12 to \$0.42, respectively (see ISOR, Chapter VII).

Section B. 3: Reporting Costs

To estimate the reporting costs, we have used the costs for completing survey forms. The information required by the reports is similar to the type of information that is routinely asked for in surveys, so this is a reasonable surrogate. The survey data serve as the basis for determining appropriate limits. As part of our most recent survey of the industry, manufacturers had the option of providing information on the amount of time or cost incurred to complete the survey. Of the companies choosing to respond, the average cost is about \$3,200.